Roll No.

## Paper ID [C0216]

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BBA (Sem. - $3^{\text {rd }}$ )
BUSINESS STATISTICS (BB-304)

Time : 03 Hours
Maximum Marks : 60

## Instruction to Candidates:

1) Section - A is Compulsory.
2) Attempt any Four questions from Section - B.

## Section - A

Q1)
$(10 \times 2=20)$
a) Define quantitative classification.
b) Define multiple bar diagrams.
c) Show that weighted arithmetic mean of first ' $n$ ' natural numbers whose weights are equal to corresponding numbers is equal to $2 n+1 / 3$.
d) To 5, 8, 6 and 1 occur with frequencies 3, 2, 4 and 1 respectively. Find the geometric mean
e) Write the merits of measures of Dispersion.
f) To the standard deviation of a set of observations is zero, then all observations are equal. Comment.
g) Define linear and non-linear correlation.
h) The following sums have been obtained from 100 observation pairs : $\Sigma x=12,500, \Sigma x^{2}=15,85,000, \Sigma y=8,000, \Sigma y^{2}=6,48,100$, $\Sigma x y=10,07,425$. Find the regression of $y$ on $x$.
i) Define Paasche's Price index number.
j) Define Binomial distribution.

## Section-B

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(4 \times 10=40)
$$

Q2) Find the missing frequencies $f_{1}, f_{2}$ in the following distribution. It is given that median of distribution is 41 and the total number of observations is 82 .
Class Interval : 10-20 $20-30 \quad 30-40 \quad 40-50 \quad 50-60 \quad 60-70 \quad$ Total Frequency : $10 \quad f_{1} \quad 15,20 \quad f_{2} \quad 11 \quad 82$
Also calculate $Q_{3}$ and $D_{7}$ for the complete frequency distribution.
Q3) The variable $x$ takes only two values $x_{1}$ and $x_{2}$ with frequencies $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$. If 's' be S.D. of $x$, then show that $s^{2}=f_{1} f_{2}\left[\frac{x_{1}-x_{2}}{f_{1}+f_{2}}\right]^{2}$

Q4) Ten competitors in a beauty contest were ranked by three judges in the following order.

| First Judge | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Second Judge $:$ | 3 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 9 |
| Third Judge | 6 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 7 |

Use the method of rank correlation to determine which pair of judges has the nearest approach to common tastes in beauty.

Q5) Sample observations obtained to study the relation between the measure of waist and the length of trousers is as under

Measure of

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllll}
70 & 72.5 & 75 & 77.5 & 80 & 82.5 & 85 & 87.5 & 90 & 92.5
\end{array}
$$

Waist (in cm)
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { Length of } & : & 100 & 102 & 100 & 95 & 105 & 110 & 95 & 98 & 100 & 105\end{array}$ Trousers (in cm )
Obtain the line of best fit of length of trousers on measurement of the waist. Calculate the coefficient of determination.

Q6) Prove that whereas Fisher's Ideal index number satisfy time reversal test and factor reversal test Laspeyre's index number and Paasche's index number do not satisfy these tests.

Q7) Define Normal and Poisson distributions in detail.

